Lesson Plan Template

Grade: 9" Grade	Subject: Algebra	
Materials: Quiz, Notebooks, Pencil	Iechnology Needed: None	
Instructional Strategies:	Guided Practices and Concrete Application:	
Direct instruction Peer teaching/collaboration/	Large group activity Hands-on	
Guided practice cooperative learning	 Independent activity Technology integration 	
Socratic Seminar Visuals/Graphic organizers	Pairing/collaboration Imitation/Repeat/Mimic	
Learning Centers PBL	□ Simulations/Scenarios	
Lecture Discussion/Debate	□ Other (list)	
Technology integration Modeling	Explain:	
□ Other (list)	We will mostly work as a	
	large group to try a few	
	examples of factoring. Then,	
	at the end of class, students	
	may break into groups to try	
	a few problems without my	
	help.	
Standard(s)	Differentiation	
HS.A.SSE.2 : Use the structure of an equation to identify ways to	Below Proficiency: These students may still struggle to find the GCF, but my hope is that trying a few problems as a class will	
rewrite it.		
	remind them how to do this. Then, when they are learning	
Objective(s)	factoring, my hope is that these students will at least understand how to factor out the coefficients. Then, I will encourage other	
Students will use what we learned about GCFs to factor different		
expression.	students to help them as they are learning now to simplify the	
r can factor the polynomial expression.	problem even further.	
Bloom's Taxonomy Cognitive Level: Applying Applyzing	Above Proficiency: Students who are above proficiency should	
bioon s raxonomy cognitive Level. Applying, Analyzing	already be comfortable finding the GCE of two terms. They may	
	already be connortable mining the der of two terms. They may already have an understand of basic factoring to begin the lesson.	
	and these students should be growing very comfortable with	
	factoring by the end of the lesson. My challenge to these students	
	will be to try to help at least one other student to learn something	
	about factoring by the end of class.	
	Approaching/Emerging Proficiency: Students who are	
	approaching proficiency should be able to at least find the GCF of	
	two terms. They may still be working to understand factoring, but	
	since this is the second time that they have seen factoring, my	
	hope is that they will be growing more comfortable. I think that	
	they may also benefit from working with another student at the	
	end of class.	
	Modalities/Learning Preferences: large group activity, reviewing	
	material from previous sections, applying material from previous	
	sections to factor, working with a partner	
Classroom Management- (grouping(s), movement/transitions, etc.)	Behavior Expectations- (systems, strategies, procedures specific to	
	the lesson, rules, and expectations, etc.)	
Students are expected to work quietly during the quiz		
 Students are expected to listen respectfully to other 	 Students are expected to work quietly and avoid cheating on 	
students and the teacher	the quiz	
 Students are expected to work cooperatively with their 	 Students must listen respectfully to the contributions of other students and assessing attentions to the testing. 	
partner	other students and remain attentive to the teacher	
	 Students are expected to cooperate with their partner and work productively. 	
	work productively	
Minutes		
3 min Set-up/Prep; I will hand out the quiz that students will be	taking. Then, I will write three problems on the board where students	
must find the Greatest Common Factor. Those who are do	ing well with these problems may also try to factor them.	
20-25 Engage: (opening activity/ anticipatory Set – access prior learning / stimulate interest /generate questions, etc.)		
min First, students will take a quiz covering finding the GCF and	division of polynomials. Once they have finished the quiz, they can begin	
the opening activity.	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	

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	The opening activity will consist of three problems that stud Find the GCF of the following expressions: 1) $4x^2 + 2x$ 2) $12x^3 + 6$ 3) $24x^4 + 14x^2$ Solutions: 1) GCF: $2x$ Factoring: $2x(2x + 1)$ 2) GCF: 6 Factoring: $6(2x^3 + 1)$ 3) GCF: $2x^2$ Factoring: $2x^2(12x^2 + 7)$ Once all students have had about 3-5 minutes to work on the solution to help students who may have struggled to find the coefficient and variable separately, then multiplying them the solution to help students who may have struggled to find the coefficient and variable separately, then multiplying them the solution to help students who may have struggled to find the coefficient and variable separately, then multiplying them the solution to help students who may have struggled to find the coefficient and variable separately.	lents will begin working on when they sit down at their desk. nese problems, I will collect their work. Then, we will go over each le GCF. I will remind them of the process of finding the GCF of the ogether.	
15 min	 Explain: (concepts, procedures, vocabulary, etc.) Once we have gone over the opening activity, I will introduce the lesson for the day, which will be about factoring. Students will learn how to factor basic binomial expressions. To do this, they must first find the GCF of the two terms that they are trying to factor. Once they have found the GCF, they must "factor this out" of both terms by dividing them both by the GCF. Finally, they will place parentheses around the two new terms while writing the GCF on the outside of the parentheses because it is being multiplied by each term. We will use the examples from the opening activity because we have already found the GCF. Each of the proper factorings is also listed above. If students struggle here, I will try to show them that if we are to distribute again, we will end up with our original expression. For example, distributing 2x(2x + 1) = 4x² + 2x. 		
15 min	n Explore: (independent, concreate practice/application with relevant learning task -connections from content to real-life experiences, reflective questions- probing or clarifying questions)		
	If there is enough time, I will have students work with someone who sits close to them on a few more problems that I will write on the board. These problems are:		
	1) $x^2 + 5x$ 2) $3x^2 + 21x$		
	3) $15x + 25x^3$ 4) $12x^3 + 14x$		
	5) $18x^2 + 9x^3$		
	Solutions: 1) $x(x + 5)$		
	2) $3x(x + 7)$ 3) $5x(3 + 5x^2)$		
	4) $2x(6x^2 + 7)$ 5) $9x^2(2 + x)$		
3-5 min	Review (wrap up and transition to next activity): To wrap up the lesson, I will ask students if they have any quuse an example to answer their question. If not, I will allow	uestions about anything that we were working on. If they do, I will try to them to work quietly until the bell rings.	
Formative Progress	Assessment: (linked to objectives) monitoring throughout lesson- clarifying questions,	Summative Assessment (linked back to objectives) End of lesson:	
check- in strateg	jies, etc.	At the end of the lesson, I will have students turn in their work for credit. I will use this to evaluate how well students are beginning to do	
In class, I w contributio	ill mostly monitor progress based on student ns. I will also view the submissions to the opening activity	with factoring.	
to see how students are doing with finding the GCF. If there is enough time, I will also try to walk around to observe students as they work.		If applicable- overall unit, chapter, concept, etc.: Students will need to be able to factor polynomials on the test.	
Consideration for Back-up Plan:			

Lesson Plan Template

If students are struggling with factoring, we will continue to work through examples as a big group.		
Reflection (What went well? What did the students learn? How do you know? What changes would you make?):		